

KillTest

高品質 より良いサービス



練習問題

<https://www.killtest.jp>

1年間無料アップデート

Exam : A00-212

**Title : SAS Advanced
Programming Exam for SAS
9**

Version : DEMO

1.The following SAS program is submitted:

```
Data sasuser.history;  
Set sasuser.history(keep=state x y  
Rename = (state=ST));  
Total=sum(x, y);  
Run;
```

The SAS data set SASUSER.HISTORY has an index on the variable STATE.

Which describes the result of submitting the SAS program?

- A. The index on STATE is deleted and an index on ST is created
- B. The index on STATE is recreated as an index on ST
- C. The index on STATE is deleted
- D. The index on STATE is updated as an index on ST

Answer: C

2.The following SAS program is submitted:

```
%macro one (input);  
%two;  
%put the value is &date;  
%mend;  
%macro two;  
data _null_;  
call symput('date','12SEP2008');  
run;  
%mend;  
%let date=31DEC2006;  
%one(&date)
```

What is the result when the %PUT statement executes?

- A. A macro variable DATE with the value 12SEP2008 is retrieved from the local symbol table for the ONE macro
- B. A macro variable DATE with the value 12SEP2008 is retrieved from the local symbol table for the TWO macro
- C. A macro variable DATE with the value 12SEP2008 is retrieved from the global symbol table
- D. A macro variable DATE with the value 31DEC2006 is retrieved from the global symbol table

Answer: C

3.Which SET statements option names a variable that contains the number of the observation to read during the current iteration of the DATA step?

- A. OBS=pointobs
- B. POINT=pointobs
- C. KEY=pointobs
- D. NOBS=pointobs

Answer: B

4.When reading a SAS data file, what does the NOBS=option on the SET statement represent?

- A. A variable that represents the total number of observation in the output data set(s)
- B. A variable that represents a flag indicating the end of the file
- C. A variable that represents the total number of observations in the input data set(s)
- D. A variable that represents the current observation number

Answer: C

5.CORRECT TEXT

The following SAS program is submitted:

```
%macro check(num=4);  
%let result=%sysevalf(&num+0.5);  
%put result is &result;  
%mend;  
%check(num=10)
```

What is the written to the SAS log?

- A. result is
- B. result is 10
- C. result is 10.5
- D. result is 10+0.5

Answer: C