

# *KillTest*

更に上のクオリティ 更に上のサービス



## 問題集

<http://www.killtest.jp>

1年で無料進級することに提供する

**Exam : 300-515**

**Title : Implementing Cisco Service  
Provider VPN Services  
(SVPI)**

**Version : DEMO**

1.Which two statements describe primary differences between MPLS Layer 2 and Layer 3 VPNs? (Choose two.)

- A. Layer 2 VPNs use IPsec tunneling, but Layer 3 VPNs use L2TPv3 tunneling.
- B. Layer 2 VPNs use AToM, but Layer 3 VPNs use MPLS/BGP.
- C. Layer 2 VPNs use BGP, but Layer 3 VPNs use VPLS.
- D. Layer 2 VPNs use L2TPv3 tunneling, but Layer 3 VPNs use GRE tunneling.
- E. Layer 2 VPNs use IPsec tunneling, but Layer 3 VPNs use pseudo wires to provide tunneling.

**Answer:** B,D

2.Refer to the exhibit.

<pre>PE1 ip vrf celvpn   rd 111:1   route-target export 111:1   route-target import 222:2  interface FastEthernet0/0/0  ip vrf forwarding celvpn  ip address 192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0  router ospf 1 vrf celvpn  network 192.168.0.0 0.0.0.255 area 1</pre>	<pre>CE1 interface FastEthernet0/0/0  ip address 192.168.0.2 255.255.255.0  interface FastEthernet0/0/1  ip address 192.168.1.2  255.255.255.252  router ospf 100  network 192.168.0.0 0.0.0.255 area1  router bgp 65600  neighbor 192.168.1.1 remote-as 65600</pre>
--	--

If the two devices are operating normally, which two conclusions can you draw from this configuration? (Choose two.)

- A. CE1 must use OSPF to establish a neighbor relationship with PE1.
- B. PE1 labels the routes it learns from CE1 with the route-target 222:2 and shares them with its VPNv4 peers.
- C. PE1 labels the routes it learns from CE1 with the route-target 111:1 and shares them with its VPNv4 peers.
- D. The PE-CE routes between the devices are being exchanged by OSPF
- E. CE1 is supporting CSC.

**Answer:** A,D

3.Which two frames can be configured on an Ethernet flow point? (Choose two.)

- A. of a specific VLAN
- B. with different type of service values
- C. with identical type of service value
- D. with different class of service values
- E. with no tags

**Answer:** A,E

**Explanation:**

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/cether/configuration/xr-3s/asr903/16-5-1/b-ce-xe-16-5-asr900/trunk-efp-support.html>

4.An engineer is investigating an EVPN traffic flow issue.

Which type of traffic should the engineer allow in an EVPN Tree Service in order to fix this issue?

- A. known unicast from a leaf to another leaf
- B. unknown unicast from a leaf to another leaf
- C. multicast from a leaf to another leaf
- D. known unicast from a root to another root

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

Reference: <https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-bess-evpn-etree-14>

5.An engineer is investigating an MPLS LDP issue.

Which command should an engineer use on a Cisco IOS XE device to display the contents of the LFIB?

- A. show mpls forwarding-table
- B. show mpls ldp neighbors
- C. show mpls ldp labels
- D. show mpls ldp bindings

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/mpls/command/mp-cr-book/mp-s2.html>